Appendix A

1.0 SETTING THE COUNCIL TAX FOR 2018/19

1.1 Background.

At the Council meeting on the 30 January 2018 members considered and approved Cabinet's budget proposals and resulting impact on Council Tax for next financial year.

The main features of the proposal included:

- A cash reduction in the Council's Local Government revenue settlement from Welsh Government of -0.2%.
- A reduction in Welsh Government general capital funding of -0.64%.
- The provision of additional resources for the impact of some inflationary pressures.
- An increase in funding to schools of £1.792m.
- The provision of £1.5m in recognition of the continuing financial pressures facing adult and child social care provision.
- Inflationary pressures met by service efficiency savings of £1.2m; changes to the Council's Minimum Revenue Provision policy savings of £2.0m; corporate savings of £1.0m; service savings of £0.4m and increased Council Tax funding.
- Investment of £0.5m in priority areas.
- Use of £2.0m reserves (Budget Mitigation Reserve)

1.2 Section 151 Officer's statement

In accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 2003 the observations of the Section 151 Officer on the budget for 2018/19 are required to be presented to members.

a) Robustness of Budget Estimates

The budget proposals for 2018/19 contain a level of financial estimates. This is due to the uncertainty around the future impact upon the Council of current economic events. A considered view has been taken on the level of funding that services require and on the amount and timing of efficiency savings.

I consider the budget proposals for 2018/19 to be sensible and robust.

b) Adequacy of Reserves

The level of general balances is stable and I consider they are broadly appropriate given the financial risks that the council faces. Adequate general balances are vital to protect the Council from unforeseen problems or inverse emergencies. The 2018/19 budget has been set using £2.0m of

specific reserves, if required, with agreement to use £1.378m for the following year. This is sustainable as a medium term measure but is not a permanent solution to funding a gap in the budget.

In adopting the resolutions of the Council meeting of the 30 January 2018 it will be necessary for the Council to pass certain further resolutions in a particular form so as to ensure that the Council Tax and its associated matters are legally valid. I attach a copy of the required resolutions and request that these be approved.

1.3 The average increase for Council Tax bills (based on Band D) payable is:

	2017/18 £	2018/19 £	Increase %
Denbighshire County Council	1,191.26	1,247.84	4.75
Police & Crime Commissioner for North Wales	249.21	258.12	3.58
Town/Community Councils (Average)	46.71	49.43	5.82
Total	1,487.18	1,555.39	4.59

2.0 COUNCIL TAX RESOLUTION

It is necessary for the County Council, as the Billing Authority, to consider the precepts received from the Police & Crime Commissioner for North Wales and the Town/Community Councils and declare the Council Tax levels for the 2018/19 financial year.

2.1 TOWN/COMMUNITY COUNCILS - PRECEPTS

The following precepts have been received:-

	2017/18 £	2018/19 £
Aberwheeler	3,000	2,500
Betws Gwerfil Goch	2,902	2,902
Bodelwyddan	0	28,000
Bodfari	3,400	3,400
Bryneglwys	5,700	7,000
Cefn Meiriadog	3,456	3,456
Clocaenog	3,690	3,690
Corwen	30,000	36,000
Cyffylliog	5,955	6,345
Cynwyd	4,050	4,050
Denbigh	200,040	214,784
Derwen	6,000	6,000
Dyserth	39,000	41,000
Efenechtyd	5,920	5,940
Gwyddelwern	3,488	3,584

Henllan	11,455	11,370
Llanarmon yn Ial	22,000	22,000
Llanbedr D C	5,000	25,500
Llandegla	6,600	10,000
Llandrillo	5,883	5,883
Llandyrnog	10,375	10,582
Llanelidan	4,100	5,000
Llanfair D C	18,934	29,010
Llanferres	8,250	9,150
Llangollen Town	129,100	114,400
Llangynhafal	1,500	2,500
Llanrhaeadr Y C	11,880	11,952
Llantysilio	9,700	10,000
Llanynys	8,925	9,175
Nantglyn	5,500	5,500
Prestatyn	464,305	470,745
Rhuddlan	70,610	84,370
Rhyl	497,629	520,022
Ruthin	128,720	136,050
St. Asaph	75,517	79,813
Trefnant	10,896	2,061
Tremeirchion/Cwm/Waen	11,000	11,330
Total	1,834,480	1,955,064

3.0 DENBIGHSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL/TOWN AND COMMUNITY COUNCILS - INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

It is <u>recommended</u> that the amounts calculated by the Council for the 2018/19 financial year, in accordance with Sections 32 to 34 (1) of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 (the Act) and Alteration of Requisite Calculations (Wales) Regulations 2008 be as follows:-

(a) The aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for the items set out in Section 32 (2) (a) to (e) of the Act. 307,767,008

- (b) The aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for the items set out in Section 32 (3) (a) to 111,393,944 (c) of the Act.
- (c) The amount by which the aggregate of Section 32 (2) above, exceeds the aggregate of Section 32 (3) above, calculated in accordance with Section 32 (4) 196,373,064 of the Act, as its budget requirement for the year.

(d) The aggregate amount which the Council estimates will be payable for the year into its general fund in respect of redistributed non-domestic rates and 145,059,148 revenue support grant less cost of discretionary nondomestic rate reliefs. (e) The amount at (c) above less the amount at (d) above, divided by council tax base for the year, 39,555.24, calculated by the Council in accordance with Section 33 (1) of the Act, (i.e. basic amount 1,297.27 Council Tax). The aggregate amount of all special items referred to (f) in Section 34 (1) of the Act (Town/Community 1,955,064 Council Precepts).

(g) The amount at (e) above less the result given by dividing the amount at (f) above by the council tax base, calculated by the Council, in accordance with Section 34 (2) of the Act, as the basic amount of its Council Tax for the year for dwellings in those parts of its area to which no special items relate.

4.0 DENBIGHSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL/TOWN AND COMMUNITY COUNCILS - COUNCIL TAX

It is <u>recommended</u> that the amounts calculated by the Council for the 2018/19 financial year, in accordance with Sections 34 (2) to 36 (1) of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 (the Act) be as follows:-

(a) the amounts calculated in accordance with Sections 34 (2) and (3) of the Act as the <u>basic amounts</u> of its Council Tax for the year for dwellings in part of the Council's area:-

COUNCIL TAX 2018/19 BAND 'D'

<u>Community</u>	<u>County</u>	Community	<u>Total</u>
	Council Precept		
	£	£	£
Aberwheeler	1,247.84	14.37	1,262.21
Betws G G	1,247.84	18.02	1,265.86
Bodelwyddan	1,247.84	33.53	1,281.37
Bodfari	1,247.84	16.92	1,264.76
Bryneglwys	1,247.84	39.55	1,287.39
Cefn Meiriadog	1,247.84	16.94	1,264.78
Clocaenog	1,247.84	30.00	1,277.84
Corwen	1,247.84	36.29	1,284.13
Cyffylliog	1,247.84	27.00	1,274.84
Cynwyd	1,247.84	15.23	1,263.07

Denbigh	1,247.84	64.00	1,311.84
Derwen	1,247.84	25.42	1,273.26
Dyserth	1,247.84	38.18	1,286.02
Efenechtyd	1,247.84	20.00	1,267.84
Gwyddelwern	1,247.84	16.00	1,263.84
Henllan	1,247.84	30.08	1,277.92
Llanarmon yn Ial	1,247.84	37.54	1,285.38
Llanbedr D C	1,247.84	53.91	1,301.75
Llandegla	1,247.84	32.57	1,280.41
Llandrillo	1,247.84	19.04	1,266.88
Llandyrnog	1,247.84	20.63	1,268.47
Llanelidan	1,247.84	29.76	1,277.60
Llanfair D C	1,247.84	50.28	1,298.12
Llanferres	1,247.84	22.15	1,269.99
Llangollen Town	1,247.84	64.60	1,312.44
Llangynhafal	1,247.84	7.29	1,255.13
Llanrhaeadr Y C	1,247.84	24.00	1,271.84
Llantysilio	1,247.84	38.91	1,286.75
Llanynys	1,247.84	25.00	1,272.84
Nantglyn	1,247.84	32.93	1,280.77
Prestatyn	1,247.84	61.33	1,309.17
Rhuddlan	1,247.84	53.10	1,300.94
Rhyl	1,247.84	55.52	1,303.36
Ruthin	1,247.84	56.57	1,304.41
St. Asaph	1,247.84	53.53	1,301.37
Trefnant	1,247.84	3.04	1,250.88
Tremeirchion/ Cwm/Waen	1,247.84	16.96	1,264.80

(b) The amounts calculated in accordance with Section 36 (1) of the Act as the amounts to be taken into account for the year in respect of dwellings listed in different valuation bands. (Appendix B)

5.0 Police & Crime Commissioner for North Wales - PRECEPT

The precept for the Police & Crime Commissioner for North Wales for 2018/19 is £10,209,999

In accordance with Section 40 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, it is noted that the amounts applicable for the year in respect of dwellings listed in different valuation bands are as follows:-

Valuation Bands

Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н	I
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
172 08	200.76	229 44	258 12	315 48	372 84	430.20	516 24	602 28

6.0 AGGREGATE COUNCIL TAX – 2018/19 (including Police & Crime Commissioner for North Wales)

Having calculated the aggregates in each case of the amounts at 4.0 and 5.0 above in accordance with Section 30 (2) of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, it is

RECOMMENDED

That the amounts of Council Tax for the 2018/19 financial year for each of the categories of dwellings be as shown in Appendix C.

7.0 PRESCRIBED CLASS OF DWELLINGS - THE COUNCIL TAX
(PRESCRIBED CLASS OF DWELLINGS) (WALES) REGULATIONS 1998 - SI
1998/105

AS AMENDED BY PRESCRIBED CLASS OF DWELLINGS - THE COUNCIL TAX (PRESCRIBED CLASS OF DWELLINGS) (WALES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS 2004

- 7.1 In Wales, Section 12 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 creates a special class of property (prescribed class of dwellings) which allows a local billing authority to use its discretion in determining the level of discount to be awarded. If a dwelling meets certain criteria, then a billing authority can set the level of discount at either 25% or zero (i.e. no discount) for classes A & B, 50% or zero for class C.
- 7.2 The Council Tax (Prescribed Class of Dwellings)(Wales) Regulations 1998 as amended 2004, has with effect from 1st April, 2004 designated three classes of prescribed dwellings.

The classes are:-

Class A.

- a. A dwelling which is not the sole or main residence of an individual.
- b. Dwelling which is furnished.
- c. Occupation of the dwelling is prohibited by law for a continuous period of at least 28 days in the relevant year.
- d. Dwelling is not a mooring occupied by a boat or pitch occupied by a caravan.
- e. Dwelling is unoccupied and is managed by a personal representative in relation to the administration of a deceased person.

Class B

- a. A dwelling which is not the sole or main residence of an individual.
- b. Dwelling which is furnished.
- c. Occupation of the dwelling is not prohibited by law for a continuous period of at least 28 days in the relevant year.
- d. Dwelling is not a mooring occupied by a boat or pitch occupied by a caravan.
- e. Dwelling is unoccupied and is managed by a personal representative in relation to the administration of a deceased person.

Class C

- a. A dwelling which is unoccupied.
- b. A dwelling which is substantially unfurnished.
- 7.3 The difference between the classes A and B is the fact Class B has unrestricted occupation throughout 365 days a year whereas Class A is restricted to a maximum of 11 months occupation in a year. E.g. planning restriction as commonly applied to holiday chalets.
- 7.4 The main type of property covered by these regulations relate to furnished dwellings and not someone's sole or main residence e.g. second homes.
- 7.5 Class C was introduced to end the Council Tax discount for chargeable dwellings which are unoccupied and substantially unfurnished for periods greater than 6 months.

This allows the Authority to levy a full charge once the initial 6 month exemption period expires; this benefits Denbighshire residents in that

- a. The property owner would be contributing a full charge
- b. There is a financial incentive to the owner to occupy the property leading to.
 - The potential of increasing accommodation availability
 - o The reduction in the number of empty properties in communities
- 7.6 In the year 2009/2010 the Council resolved not to award a discount to Class A, B or C for the remaining term of the Council with the caveat that this was dependant on, no changes to Legislation or local conditions. The purpose of this resolution enabled consistency in the calculation of the Tax Base, a shorter report and the reduction in the volumes of paper produced.

7.7 IT IS RECOMMENDED

That the level of discount for Class A, B, and C as prescribed under the Council Tax (Prescribed Class of Dwellings) (Wales) Regulations 2004 be set at zero for the financial year 2018/19 being the term of this Council with the caveat that this is dependent on, no changes to Legislation or local conditions.